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VOL. CVI. NEW SERIES—NO. 13,744.

The Courier-Journal.

LOUISVILLE, SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 18, 1906.—12 PAGES.

SENATE FILES
Return to Office of

You May Sell Your Real Estate to the Man to Whom It Would Be Worth the Most Through Advertising in The Courier-Journal.

PRICE THREE CENTS.
(ON TRAINS FIVE CENTS.)

The Weather.

Forecast for Saturday and Sunday: Kentucky—Fair Saturday, except showers in the mountain districts; Sunday fair. Indiana—Fair and warmer Saturday and Sunday; light to fresh southeast winds. Tennessee—Fair Saturday and Sunday, except showers Saturday in eastern portion.

THE LATEST.

Francis scenes on the New York Stock Exchange yesterday followed the announcement of dividends by the Southern and Union Pacific railroads. The dividends were larger than the traders had expected, and the day was the most exciting in years. E. H. Harriman, King Edward of England and the Standard Oil interests are said to have cleaned up immense profits in consequence of the rise in Pacific stocks which followed the announcement of dividends.

Like a Robinson Crusoe Alfred J. Kilin will spend three months on Kerguelen Island, south of the Indian Ocean, and half way between Tasmania and the southern end of Africa. He is being sent there by the Museum of Natural History for purposes of research, and expects to sail from Boston in September.

The Grand Army of the Republic completed its fortieth encampment and adjourned to meet at Saratoga, N. Y., in 1907. It was decided that a protest against the erection of a statue to Henry Wirz be sent to Gen. S. D. Lee, commander of the Southern Veterans' Association.

Investigation of the charge that the Standard Oil Company received rebates from certain railroads in shipping its products from Whiting, Ind., to East St. Louis and from Whiting to Grand Junction, Tenn., was resumed by the Federal grand jury in Chicago.

Fifty men are entombed alive in the Clinch mountain tunnel at Clinchport, Va., as a result of a cave-in which occurred yesterday. It is not known whether the men are dead or alive, but the work of rescue is being rushed as fast as possible.

Senator Tillman, of South Carolina, in a speech made at the Owensboro Chautauqua, said he would not speak to Mr. Roosevelt until the latter apologized for recalling the invitation to him to attend a reception at the White House.

Senator McCrory will formally open his campaign for the Democratic nomination for Senator at Henderson today. It is thought that he will answer charges made by Gov. Beckham in his speech at Lexington.

Dispatches to the mercantile agencies indicate that shipments of fall goods have begun to go forward freely, and there is no reason for reducing earlier estimates of a big year's business.

The French Cabinet Council yesterday discussed at length the Church and State separation question, the conference resulting in the Government's firm resolve to maintain the law.

By the explosion of a gasoline tank used in connection with a lantern show at Pekin, a General of the army and another official were killed and several persons were wounded.

President Roosevelt yesterday appointed James S. Harlan, of Chicago, a member of the Interstate Commerce Commission. The appointee is a son of Justice Harlan.

Harvey Helm was declared the Democratic nominee for Congress in the Eighth Kentucky district. J. A. Sullivan was elected State Central Committeeman for the district.

The jury in the case of B. Fulton French, John Abner and John Smith was unable to agree, and was discharged. Eight jurors were for conviction.

Gov. Beckham reviewed the First Kentucky regiment at Henderson. He congratulated Col. Haldeman upon the excellent showing made by the regiment.

Food inspectors declare that the free lunch served in hundreds of saloons in Louisville is largely composed of meat in its most absolutely unfit for use.

At Wallace, Ind., lightning struck a barn where a ladies' aid society was holding a meeting, killing one man and injuring two others.

James S. Neville, Mayor of Bloomington, and member of the Illinois Warehouse and Railroad Commission, died suddenly at West Baden.

The visit of the American Institute of Mining Engineers to Germany ended yesterday with a trip on the Rhine to Düsseldorf and Cologne.

One man was killed and three were injured by a premature explosion of dynamite at the Deering Harvester plant in South Chicago.

Massachusetts Democrats will hold their State convention in Boston on October 4.

Coal miners are on strike at the Bell and mines five miles west of Pineville, Ky.

LOSS OF LIFE MAY BE LARGE

Chilian Cities Shaken By Severe Earthquake.

Valparaiso and Los Andes Possibly Destroyed.

All Means of Communication Apparently Cut Off.

One Report Says Conflagration Is In Progress

And Hundreds of People Have Perished In Fire.

NOTHING TO CONFIRM IT.

Except for a few private messages received early to-day reporting an earthquake in Chile and damage to buildings in Valparaiso, no direct news from Chile has as yet been received. The early reports, coming from different points, stated that the earthquake had resulted in a great loss of life and widespread damage to property. Up to 11 o'clock to-night, however, there had been nothing to confirm these reports.

The Associated Press correspondent at Buenos Ayres cables that it is feared the town of Los Andes, in the province of Aconcagua, has been destroyed. At the same time he points out that Buenos Ayres has no direct communication with the disturbed district.

No official information has reached Washington from Chile, and while positive information is lacking, New York officials of cable companies having connections in South America, to-night express the opinion that the first reports of the earthquake were exaggerated.

All cables reaching New York from Chile and Valparaiso early to-night were evidently much delayed, according to the statements of these officials, who are themselves unable to get any information bearing on the situation other than the fact that an earthquake has occurred; that the disturbance has disarranged telegraphic apparatus and interfered with communication.

There is much anxiety to-night among those who have friends and relatives in Chile. The cable companies and newspapers are making every effort to secure definite information. It is pointed out that the entire absence of any word from official sources in Valparaiso and other points in Chile may be taken as indicating considerable exaggeration in the reports of loss of life and extent of damage.

One of the early reports indicated that the entire city of Valparaiso was wrecked and that a conflagration followed the earthquake. Another report which reached New York said that portions of Valparaiso were burning all night, and that the bodies of hundreds of its residents were buried in the ruins of the buildings.

New York, Aug. 17.—A private cable dispatch to W. R. Grace & Co. from Valparaiso, received by way of Lima, Peru, says the earthquake in Valparaiso was severe and business in the city has been totally suspended. The dispatch further stated that Grace & Co.'s buildings in Valparaiso were badly damaged, but that none of the occupants was injured.

New York, Aug. 17.—At 11:30 o'clock to-night the Central Cable office of the Western Union Telegraph Company received a service message stating that the Valparaiso office is closed until 7 o'clock to-morrow morning. No reason is given for this, and neither this nor any other message received by the company to-night throws any more definite light upon the situation in Chile.

Honolulu, Aug. 17.—The tide gauges here show a disturbance, apparently of distant origin. Beginning at 5:23 o'clock this morning, three waves per hour have been indicated, showing an oscillation from the normal tides of between three and four inches.

Liverpool, Aug. 17.—Up to a late hour this evening the insurance companies had not heard from their representatives at Valparaiso.

Buenos Ayres, Aug. 17.—The newspapers this evening publish telegrams from Mendoza to the effect that many houses in the Los Andes district were destroyed by the earthquake, and that there have been a large number of casualties. The interruption of all means of communication with Chile causes much anxiety. Many rumors of disaster are afloat.

LIVED IN VALPARAISO.

Lawrence L. Anderson Gives a Description of the City.

Lawrence L. Anderson, of Louisville, was in Valparaiso in 1888 and 1889 as the Chilean representative of the importing and exporting house of W. R. Grace & Co., of New York. That was nearly twenty years ago and many changes have

taken place in the capital of Chile since that time. Mr. Anderson, however, remembers the city as it was then very well. At that time, he said last night, earthquakes were not infrequent on the Western coast of South America. He was in Peru, he said, on several occasions, when earthquake shocks were plainly felt.

Valparaiso, Mr. Anderson said, is about as far south of the equator as Louisville is north and the temperature is much similar, except for the difference in climate due to the coast exposure and the mountains at the rear. The central part of the city, which Mr. Anderson remembers as a town of 90,000 or so, lies along the beach between the bay of Valparaiso and the Andes mountains. The beach there is narrow and there is room in most places for little more than one main street, the Avenida de Las Delicias. This street, which then was traversed by street cars, is broken in several places by plazas, the chiefest of which is the Plaza Victoria, a large park with trees and walks and stands for band concerts and popular entertainments.

Twenty years ago Valparaiso was not a beautiful city as Mr. Anderson remembers it. The streets were narrow and there were few permanent improvements as there were in the capital of Chile, Santiago. The residence portions of the city were located on the sides of the mountains and reached by what are called elevators. These elevators do not ascend and descend perpendicularly as do those in buildings but are cars drawn up the inclines by cables. A curious feature of the city was the employment of women on street cars. When the war between Chile and Peru took place most of the men were drafted and no one but women left to man the transportation facilities. The innovation was so satisfactory that it was kept in effect. The municipal theater in Valparaiso, Mr. Anderson said, was one of the finest he had ever seen. It was liberally patronized and a high class of plays were given there.

NO ACCURATE DETAILS.

Damages at Valparaiso May Be Less Serious Than Reported.

Buenos Ayres, Aug. 17, 6 p. m.—In the absence of telegraphic communication beyond Puento del Inca, it has been impossible up to this hour to obtain accurate details of the destruction by the earthquake in Chile. The managers of the telegraph companies here state that nothing is coming through. Press reports purporting to come from Chile are purely imaginary. London and New York are eagerly seeking for news from the affected district. Officials of the Pacific railway say that it is their belief that the damage at Valparaiso is not nearly so serious as has been stated, but they express fear that the town of Los Andes has been destroyed.

LASTED FOR HOURS.

Earthquake in Chile Affects Seismograph at Washington.

Washington, Aug. 17.—The Weather Bureau issued the following earthquake bulletin:

"A very heavy, distant earthquake was recorded on the seismographs at the Weather Bureau in Washington yesterday afternoon, beginning at five minutes and twenty seconds past 7 p. m., seventy-fifth meridian time. Complete and perfect records were obtained of both the north and south and the east and west movements of the earth. The earth tremors at Washington were of comparatively slow and deliberate motion, each complete movement covering from eighteen to forty seconds of time. The earthquake lasted continuously for several hours, and finally ceased at about midnight. The most violent shock occurred at seven hours, forty-two minutes, twenty-six seconds p. m."

"From press reports this is evidently a record of the great Chilean earthquake of August 16, and is the heaviest recorded in Washington since the San Francisco earthquake."

Registered at Albany.

Albany, N. Y., Aug. 17.—The earthquake in Chile yesterday was recorded on the seismograph located in the State Museum in Albany, according to State Geologist John M. Clarke. Prof. Clarke says that the disturbances were not as noticeable as at the time of the San Francisco shocks, but were definite enough to be registered.

No Advances in Washington.

Washington, Aug. 17.—State Department officials are without advances from the American representatives in Chile concerning the earthquake which is reported to have caused havoc on the west coast of South America.

TILLMAN CAUSTIC.

THINKS ROOSEVELT SHOULD APOLOGIZE TO HIM.

Pays an Eloquent Tribute to Senator Bailey's Speech on the Rate Bill.

Owensboro, Ky., Aug. 17.—[Special.]—To a crowd of more than 8,000 people Senator Tillman, of South Carolina, spoke at the Seven Hills Chautauqua to-night. He was given a most cordial welcome, and his accusations against those who were responsible for a better railroad rate bill not being adopted by Congress were enthusiastically applauded. In giving the review of the rate bill he related the incident which led him to "cut" the acquaintance of President Roosevelt. "If I was a gentleman when McLaurin called me a liar I was more of a gentleman after I had repented it," said the Senator.

He declared that no well-bred gentleman would have received an invitation and that he would never speak to Roosevelt again until he apologized. In the matter of the rate bill he said that (Roosevelt) surrendered, walked down and gave up. He paid an eloquent tribute to Senator Bailey's defense of the constitutionality of the limited credit review.

Big Corn Crop in Tennessee.

FORTUNES WON IN WALL STREET

Biggest Day in Five Years On Stock Exchange.

King Edward One of the Heaviest Winners.

Harriman and Standard Oil Clean Up Neatly.

BOOM IN PACIFIC STOCKS.

New York, Aug. 17.—[Special.]—Immense fortunes were won in Wall street to-day in a phenomenal rise in the E. H. Harriman stocks, Union Pacific and Southern Pacific, following an announcement that for the first time in the history of the road a dividend had been declared in Southern Pacific and that the Union Pacific common stock had been placed on a 10 per cent. basis.

King Edward of England, E. H. Harriman and the Standard Oil interests are named as the heaviest winners. It is known that when J. Pierpont Morgan met King Edward in Europe some months ago he interested King Edward in Southern Pacific. Through his brokers in New York the British sovereign invested heavily. His holdings to-day represent a gain of a million or more, and there is a well-defined conviction that the stock will go to par.

An Exciting Day.

It was the most exciting day in Wall street since the famous Northern Pacific panic of 1901. The total number of shares of stock sold on the exchange was 2,539,500, constituting the heaviest day's business in five years.

Considering the season, the business was unprecedented. To the Harriman group of financiers must be given the credit for executing the most remarkable coup in the street's history. The scheme netted its originators more than \$10,000,000, while the bear clique was cornered for a loss of \$5,000,000. The coup was worked by blinding the street to the probable action of the directors of the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific railroads on the matter of dividends; by making the investing public believe that but a slight increase would be added on Union Pacific common stock and that no dividend would be paid on Southern Pacific, and by delaying the action which was expected yesterday.

Like a Thunderbolt.

Then like a thunderbolt from the clear sky it was announced this morning that the Union Pacific dividend had been increased from 5 to 10 per cent, and the Southern Pacific had been put on a 5 per cent. basis.

It was officially announced this morning that a semi-annual dividend of 5 per cent. had been declared on the common stock of the Union Pacific railroad. It was also announced that a semi-annual dividend of 2½ per cent. had been declared upon Southern Pacific common.

The best the street had expected was that Southern Pacific would be placed on a 4 per cent. basis, and that a semi-annual dividend of 3½ per cent. would be declared on Union Pacific common. The generosity of Mr. Harriman was overwhelming and the boom began in a minute.

Business Tremendous.

For a midsummer day the business done on the floor of the exchange was tremendous. Brokers and bankers generally spend the month of August in the country were on hand. They had sped to town on yachts and in special cars and automobiles either to protect their interests or to make some money. An idea of the volume of the trade may be gained from the fact that 1,259,500 shares of stock were sold between the opening at 10 o'clock and noon. Transactions involving a million shares a day of five hours were considered amazing not so long ago. Union Pacific common never paid more than 6 per cent. per annum, and Southern Pacific common has never before paid a dividend. The distribution resulting from to-day's declaration of dividends will scatter among stockholders of the Union Pacific some \$30,000,000 per annum, and among those holding Southern Pacific stock \$10,000,000 per annum.

Enormous Profits.

Those who were in on the Harriman properties' boom and were able to unload at the right time, cleaned up enormous profits. The bull movement in the big stocks of the two companies began about a month ago when Southern Pacific was 64 and Union Pacific common was 125.

While there was considerable short selling, the wonderful rise in the Harriman stocks was primarily due to the demand for them. Buying orders at the market were received by brokers from all over the country as soon as the news that a dividend had been declared went out over the ticker. Investors who had been loading up with the stock were not averse to letting it go and cleaning up long lines of profit.

EXCITEMENT IN LONDON

On Receipt of News of Pacific's Dividend Announcements.

London, Aug. 17.—The American sec-

tion of the stock exchange this afternoon became quite excited on receipt of the New York opening prices accompanied by reports of the dividend announcements of the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific railroad companies. Union Pacific immediately jumped 8 points from 125 to 133 and Southern Pacific advanced 6½ points, from 64½ to 71. Trading was active and sharp, and the market was a few points below the best. These shares absorbed the attention of the market, and other shares being practically untouched.

SPEAKER CANNON'S POSITION

Likely to Be Adopted by Other Republican Candidates.

Washington, Aug. 17.—[Special.]—Politicians here expect the position taken by Speaker Cannon with reference to the legislative demands of President Gompers and the American Federation of Labor in his speech at Danville will be followed in its general tenor by Republican candidates for Congress throughout the country. The firmly hostile attitude of the Speaker on the Anti-Injunction Bill, which Gompers and the federation so strongly advocated during the last session of Congress, was when he was elected, anticipated by those who had talked with him during the last week or two. The Speaker's declaration that he was not in favor of such legislation is taken to signify that he will oppose it again next winter and in the Sixtieth Congress, in the event he is re-elected, as now seems assured, in the judgment of his friends. Many Republican candidates have been waiting impatiently for the oracle to speak on this subject, and now those who are not afraid of the Gompers' blacklist will take their cues accordingly.

Gompers left Washington last night for Lewiston, Me., where on Saturday he will make the opening speech in the Second congressional district, now represented by Charles E. Littlefield. Littlefield is on the labor blacklist.

EIGHT JURORS FOR CONVICTION

NO VERDICT IN FRENCH-ABNER-SMITH CASE.

DEFENDANTS REQUIRED TO GIVE \$10,000 BOND EACH.

JUDGE WATCHES THE JURY.

Beattyville, Ky., Aug. 17.—[Special.]—After a deliberation of eight hours, in which they failed to reach a verdict, the jury in the case of B. Fulton French, John Abner and John Smith, charged with complicity in the murder of James B. Marcum, was discharged to-night by Judge John L. Dorsey. A. J. Martin, foreman of the body, started to the court that it was impossible for the jury to agree on a verdict, and this was voted by several members of the jury. Judge Dorsey had intended keeping the jury together until 10 o'clock Saturday morning, but when several of the jurors began to insist on their opinion that it would be useless, the court decided it would be best to dismiss them to-night. The jury retired with the case shortly after 11 o'clock to-morrow morning. They remained in the jury room until after 12, when Judge Dorsey sent them to dinner. They returned at 1 o'clock and resumed deliberations at 1 o'clock, and remained there until 7 o'clock, when they were sent for by the court and made their final report.

During the time the jury was out on the case it was necessary for the court to insist several times that the jury should not be influenced by the press or by the public. Judge Dorsey remained in the courtroom in the vicinity of the jury room to watch the various parties who came to face his family and fellow citizens had been voted for an acquittal in face of the evidence introduced by the prosecution, and he said he expressed the sentiment of every juror who voted for conviction. During the time the jury was deliberating Smith and Abner were in jail while French was in the court room in charge of Julius Lewis Spicer. He was surrounded by his wife, daughter and several friends, but was never from under the watchful eye of the jailer.

A few minutes before the jury reported Jailer Spicer took French to jail, believing the jury would be required to give a new bond in the sum of \$10,000 each.

MRS. MARIANA MEYER DIES OF STROKE.

Mrs. Mariana Meyer, widow of John H. Meyer, who died several years ago, passed away at her home in Louisville, died of senility at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon at St. Mary and Elizabeth Hospital. She was 87 years of age, and was a native of Germany, and came to America when a young woman. She is survived by two daughters, Mrs. J. H. Meyer, of St. Albans, and the other Mrs. John M. Schaffberger, of Louisville.

Elected President of College.

Narrowbush, Ky., Aug. 17.—[Special.]—The Rev. J. R. Crawford has resigned as pastor of the Presbyterian church at this place to accept the presidency of Alexander College, of Burkesville, to which position he has just been elected in place of Prof. J. E. McKean, who resigned several weeks ago.

FRANCHISE BRINGS \$100,150

Lawrence Jones Bids It In Against St. Louis Capitalist.

Price For Lighting Great Surprise To Authorities.

Money May Go Toward Improving City Hospital.

KENTUCKY ELECTRICAL CO.

The lighting franchise, as provided under what is known as the Atherton-Jones ordinance, was sold at public auction yesterday noon to Lawrence Jones for \$100,150, after a period of the most spirited bidding with E. G. Cowdry, who represented St. Louis interests. Mr. Jones announced as soon as the franchise was knocked down to him that he was ready to comply with the provisions of the ordinance just as soon as the sale had been approved by the Board of Public Works, the General Council and the Mayor. Lawrence Jones and Saunders Jones called on Mayor Barth in the afternoon and so informed the Mayor.

The money that is available from the sale of the franchise, according to the provisions of the charter, goes into the general purpose fund, and can be used as the Mayor and General Council see fit. The fact that the recent investigation has brought out that additions to the City Hospital are greatly needed may result in a considerable portion of the money realized from the sale of the lighting franchise.

Two in the Bidding.

The sale of the franchise was held in the council chamber by Charles B. Norton and Capt. John H. Weller, of the Board of Public Works, Spalding Coleman, the other member of the board having died shortly before. This was alluded to when Capt. Weller, who had been chosen to conduct the sale, announced that he was ready to receive bids on the franchise. Two certified checks for \$10,000 each, in accordance with the ordinance, were deposited with the Board of Public Works. One was deposited by Lawrence Jones, representing the Atherton-Jones interests, of Louisville, and the other was deposited by E. G. Cowdry, vice president of the Laclede Gas Company and a director of the Mercantile Trust Company of St. Louis, Mo.

After the ordinance had been read by Roger McGrath, secretary of the Board of Public Works, Capt. John H. Weller announced that he was ready to receive bids from those who had complied with the provisions of the ordinance in regard to making a deposit of \$10,000 each. Lawrence Jones was the first to bid. He bid the upset price, which was \$20,000. Mr. Cowdry made \$30,000 immediately. Mr. Jones raised this \$500. There was a see saw then until Mr. Jones finally bid \$100,150, when his competitor declined to bid further and congratulated him on his success.

Mayor Pleased at Price.

Mayor Paul C. Barth said that he was much pleased with the sale. He said that he thought the franchise would bring \$75,000, but was a little surprised to find that it exceeded the \$100,000 mark.

In the afternoon Lawrence and Saunders Jones had a conference with the Mayor. They told the executive that they were ready to comply with the provisions of the ordinance just as soon as the sale had been approved as provided for by law. They assured the Mayor that they were in earnest and that they were in collusion with no company. They said that they did not intend to evade one single provision of the ordinance. At the same time they told the Mayor that they would like to have all litigation as to the validity of the ordinance out of the way before they paid in the purchase money for the franchise. Mayor Barth assured them that the city would fight the case now pending testing the validity of the ordinance and that he was confident that it would be beaten.

Lawrence Jones was seen immediately after the conference with the Mayor and said:

Confident Sale Will Be Approved.

"We mean to go right along with the work of preparing to furnish Louisville with electricity. If I was not in earnest I would not have bid the amount I did for the franchise. You know the sale to-day has to be approved by the Board of Public Works and then by the General Council. I am confident that the sale will be approved. The Mayor is thoroughly satisfied with the result of the sale of the franchise and I think he has confidence in the purchasers so far as complying with the ordinance is concerned."

"Our hands are clean and we mean to deal fairly and squarely with the people of Louisville. The persons interested have been in conference lately and we have about decided to call our company the 'Kentucky Electrical Company.' This will be decided on within the next week or two. We will be ready with the \$50,000 bond as a guarantee and the \$100,150 franchise money just as soon as the sale is approved and all litigation as to the validity of the ordinance has been wiped out. I am assured by the city authorities that they will give us clear sailing so far as validity of the ordinance are concerned. We will build a plant of sufficient capacity to make good our promise to the citizens of Louisville."

"The company will be incorporated in time to comply with the provisions of the ordinance. Articles of incorporation will probably be filed within the next week. However, that is a small matter. What we want now is a clear field."

LIVELY SCENES IN POLICE COURT

Theater Cases Against Policemen On Trial.

Judge McCann Resents Effort to Remove Him.

Police "Laid on Hands" To Oblige Mr. Bullitt.

TO ARGUE THE POINTS TO-DAY.

After exciting scenes in Police Court yesterday, following an unsuccessful effort on the part of Judge A. E. Richards, City Attorney, to have Judge McCann vacate the bench, the evidence was heard in the cases of members of the Louisville police force charged with disorderly conduct in connection with the blockading of the doors of the Avenue Theater last Sunday. Court was adjourned late yesterday afternoon, and it was announced that arguments would be heard this afternoon.

When the cases were called yesterday morning, Robert J. Hagan, Prosecuting Attorney, filed a motion for dismissal on the ground that no offense had been committed. This was opposed by the attorneys for the theater, and after a lively trial, was overruled by Judge McCann. When the afternoon session was called to order Judge Richards presented three affidavits setting forth that Judge McCann had been seen in company with John H. Whallen and had talked with Scott Bullitt, and asserting that his friendship for Mr. Whallen would make a fair trial impossible. Judge Richards moved that Judge McCann vacate the bench and that a special Judge be appointed to try the case.

Judge McCann Bitterly Resented This Action and Said that he considered it an attempt to "impugn his honor in his declining years." He became excited and angry as he gave vent to his feelings, implying that the matter was the result of enmity toward him on the part of persons "higher up." The attorneys for the theater argued that the affidavits were presented too late and that the case already was in the jurisdiction of Judge McCann, as he had passed upon certain features of it. The decision of the Judge sustained the points of the theater attorneys and he refused to vacate the bench.

"Just to Oblige Mr. Bullitt."

In the testimony for the defense Capt. Hendricks said that the police "laid their hands upon the men who approached them at the request of Mr. Bullitt, attorney for the theater." He said that they did not do it to prevent the men from entering the theater, but merely for the purpose of obliging Mr. Bullitt. This statement caused considerable amusement in the court room, but it was borne out by the testimony of all of the defendants.

The theater was represented by Scott Bullitt and David Baird. Robert J. Hagan was present in his capacity as Prosecuting Attorney, and Judge Richards represented the city. The policemen who were arrested were: Capt. James Hendricks, Capt. Samuel Owens, Sgt. Doran, Corp. Collins and Patrolmen, Dolan, Blankenbaker, Wehrle, Carr, Siegel, Gay, Klink, Devanney and Dundon.

Mr. Hagan's Motion.

Robert J. Hagan, prosecuting attorney, immediately moved that the cases be dismissed. He stated that he had looked into the alleged offenses closely, and that he was convinced that the men had performed their duties at the time in an orderly manner, as advised by their superiors. He said that they had done only what was necessary to enforce the law.

His motion in full was as follows: I move to dismiss the cases of the Commonwealth of Kentucky against Capt. James Hendricks, Capt. Sam Owens, Sgt. John Doran, Corporal James Collins, Jack Dolan, W. C. Blankenbaker, Jake Wehrle, Will Carter, George Siegel, George Gay, Edward Klink, Mike Devanney and Larry Dundon, because after a careful study of the law and facts I believe:

First—That the defendants are not guilty of disorderly conduct or any other offense against the law, but, on the contrary, acted with great coolness and forbearance under very trying and extraordinary circumstances.

Second—That they only executed in an orderly manner as possible certain property orders of their superiors, officers of the Louisville police force, who were legally bound to obey, and for disobedience to which they would have been subject to severe punishment.

Third—That the said orders which they executed were legal and proper, it being the duty of the police under Section 238 of the Kentucky statutes, "to prevent crime and to enforce and prevent the violation of the laws of this State."

Fourth—That he is not inclined for these prosecutions were not instituted for the purpose of punishing a violation of the law, but were instituted for the purpose of forcing the processes of this court in an attempt to prevent the officers from enforcing the law prohibiting work on Sunday.

For these reasons I, as the prosecuting officer of the Commonwealth, feel it my

CHECK COMES BACK MARKED "NO FUNDS."

Distinguished-Looking Young German Gets Money From Henry Young, of Bismarck Cafe.

Henry Young, who conducts the Bismarck cafe, at Sixth and market streets, paid a dishonored check for \$15 to the only return for that amount of money he handed over to a tall, well-dressed German of distinguished appearance and bearing the name of J. Gustav Heusel. Several other Germans were in the cafe when the check was cashed.

Heusel represented himself to be from Chicago, where, he said, he was a promoter of Turf and a superintendent of a police car company. He appeared first at the saloon of Reinhold Zickler, at Preston and Jefferson streets, last Friday, and after announcing his love for cards, and particularly "blackjack," he was recommended to Mr. Young, who is the German Club which meets over Mr. Young's cafe. A few days later he asked Mr. Young to cash a check for \$25 for him, as he wished, he said, to go to a German hall. Mr. Young demurred, but finally persuaded the man to take \$15 and return for the balance. He failed to return

Objections to Dismissal.

Rules Against Dismissal

POSTUM

"There's a Reason"

Capt. Owens interrupted to say that he had been misquoted. "I did say," he said, "that a man who wrote such a show ought to be put in jail, and that I would take pleasure in arresting him."

Mrs Isaac Tyler was called to St. Louis last night by a telegram announcing the death of her sister, Mrs. T. M. McLean. Mrs. McLean died at Charlevoix, Mich., yesterday. The body will arrive in St. Louis to-day and the funeral will take place to-morrow.

Kentuckians In Paris.
Paris, Aug. 17.—(Special.)—H. Headley, Miss Aline Headley, Lexington; Mrs. C. C. Mengel, Miss Julia D. Mengel, Miss Emilie D. Mengel, Mr. and Mrs. S. Kohler, Mr. C. B. Saven, Mrs. R. S. James, G. Bakrow, Richard Bakrow and Mrs. Rebecca Bakrow, of Louisville, registered at the Herald office to-day.

A telegram was received to-day from Wichita, Kan., announcing the death of L. H. Hendren, who formerly lived in this county. He was a brother of W. H. and William Hendren and

Incorporated.

that Wintersmith's Chill Tonic is a cure for chills, fever or dengue

self; the strenuous life leads quickly to the grave; so, take things easily and enjoy yourself. And get Wintersmith's Tonic if are you are troubled with malaria. At all drug stores.

A short trial will convince you that Wintersmith's Chill Tonic is a cure for chills, fever or dengue.

DROPS DEAD AT CITY HALL

Spalding Coleman Dies of
Heart Disease.

In Act of Reading Ordinance
When Stricken.

Prominent in Business and
City Affairs.

APPARENTLY HAD BEEN WELL.

Spalding Coleman, member of the Board of Public Works, and one of the best known young business men in Louisville, was stricken with heart disease at 9:06 o'clock yesterday morning and died almost instantly in the office of the board at the City Hall.

His death was so unexpected that it came as an intense shock to his friends and relatives throughout the city. He looked the picture of health, and he had never complained of being ill until a few minutes before his death.

"Roger, Roger!" were the last words that passed the lips of Spalding Coleman as he tried to lower himself into a chair in front of which he was standing, intently looking upon the printed ordinance providing for the sale of a lighting franchise, which business had mainly taken him to the office of the Board of Public Works. The words were spoken to Roger McGrath, clerk of the Board of Public Works, and the only person in the office at the time. As he heard the words Mr. McGrath saw Mr. Coleman sinking to the floor.

Scarcely realizing what was happening, he rushed to the assistance of the dying man. He reached Mr. Coleman just as his body was falling limp on the floor. At that instant Charles B. Norton, chairman of the Board of Public Works, who had gone to the City Hall with Mr. Coleman, entered the office. As quickly as possible the two men laid Mr. Coleman on a long consulting table in the office. Dr. George B. Allen, clerk of the Board of Councilmen, was on his way up the steps to his office when he was called by Mr. Norton. He rushed into the office and made a hurried examination of the death-stricken man.

Dies in Few Moments.

Dr. Allen saw in an instant that it was a death stroke and that life would be extinct within a moment or two. Dr. A. A. Deig and Dr. Hugh McCullough, of the City Health Department, were summoned within a minute or two, but it was evident that the case was beyond human medical skill. All this was done within five minutes, but in that time the office and corridor of the building had filled with people. It was necessary to have the room and hall cleared by the detectives.

Capt. John H. Weller, of the Board of Public Works, soon arrived and began to telephone for relatives of the dying man. Dr. Turner Anderson also was sent for, but he arrived after Mr. Coleman had been pronounced dead by the other physicians. Charles Barton, of the Robinson-Pettit Company, was the first relative to arrive, and he almost broke down under the shock. As soon as death was pronounced, Magistrate Edward O'Connor was summoned and viewed the body. In accordance with the statements of the attending physicians, he pronounced death due to angina pectoris.

Owen Tyler, a lifelong friend of Mr. Coleman, had been summoned in the meantime. The body was removed to the Coleman home at 517 West Ormsby avenue. The flag on the City Hall was placed at half mast and the office of the Board of Public Works was closed immediately after the body had been removed.

Family Out of City.

The death of Spalding Coleman was more distressing from the fact that his wife and eleven-year-old daughter, Virginia Coleman, were out of the city, having gone to Wequeton, Mich., to spend the summer. Mrs. Coleman's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Robinson, were with her at Wequeton. A telegram detailing the death of Mr. Coleman was sent to Wequeton under the instruction of Owen Tyler. In the afternoon an answer was received which stated that the family would start immediately for Louisville and would arrive at 10:30 o'clock this morning.

Mr. Tyler was with Mr. Coleman Thursday night and they parted about 11 o'clock. Mr. Coleman insisted on Mr. Tyler spending the night with him, but Mr. Tyler refused on account of urgent business the next morning. Mr. Tyler said that Mr. Coleman at the time they separated appeared to be in splendid health. Mr. Coleman rode downtown yesterday morning in his buggy, leaving his home about 8 o'clock. He went directly to the Central Coal and Iron Company on Fourth avenue, of which he is secretary. He hurriedly looked at his mail and sent a telephone message to Charles B. Norton, at J. M. Robinson, Norton & Co., that he would call for him and they would go to the City Hall together.

Shortly afterward Mr. Coleman entered his buggy and drove to Sixth and Main streets. Mr. Norton entered the buggy and they proceeded to the City

TWO VIEWS OF VALPARAISO WHERE AN EARTHQUAKE IS REPORTED TO HAVE CAUSED GREAT DESTRUCTION



GENERAL VIEW OF CITY.



THE WATER FRONT.

Death Comes Without Warning.



(Photo from Klauer Studio.)

Hall. On arriving at the City Hall Mr. Coleman remarked to his companion that he was not feeling well. At that Mr. Norton told Mr. Coleman that they had better take the elevator and not walk up the long stairs. This was done. As the two men emerged from the elevator Mr. Norton entered the office of the clerk of the Board of Councilmen while Mr. Coleman proceeded to the office of the Board of Public Works.

Was Reading Ordinance.

According to the statement of Roger McGrath, clerk of the Board of Public Works, Mr. Coleman entered the office and took from the wall a frame which contained the ordinance under which the lighting franchise was to be sold. As he did this he went to the desk of the chairman of the Board of Public Works and exclaimed: "Well, we've got to elect somebody to sell this franchise to-day and I guess we will have to name Capt. Weller." These words, attracting the attention of Mr. McGrath, he turned toward Mr. Coleman. Mr. McGrath said that he never saw such a look of pain depicted on any person's face. He said Mr. Coleman seemed to clinch his fists, grit his teeth and then exclaim in an agonizing tone: "Roger, Roger."

With these words he sank to the floor. Spalding Coleman was thirty-six years of age, having been born in June, 1870, at the family residence, Fourth avenue and Walnut street, where The Seelbach now stands. He was the youngest son of Capt. John Coleman, who for many years was a leading business man in Louisville. His father, Capt. John Coleman, came from Ireland to Louisville in 1840 and engaged in business. The members of the family were devout Catholics and Spalding Coleman was named for Bishop John Lancaster Spalding, of Peoria. The other surviving members of the family are John and Thomas Coleman, Misses Nona and Kate Coleman and Sister Fidelis, of the Ursuline Order, who is stationed at Cincinnati, and is at the head of the order in that city.

Prominent and Popular.

Spalding Coleman, after attending private schools in Louisville, was sent to St. Mary's, at Emmitsburg, Md., where he was educated and was graduated with high honors. He returned to Louisville and at once took a position with the Central Coal and Iron Company, of which his brother, Bannion Coleman, was secretary. At the death of his brother he succeeded him as secretary of the company. In this capacity he proved to be a successful business man. Aside from being a successful business man, he was popular in a social way and numbered his friends by the hundreds.

Until Paul C. Barth was elected Mayor of Louisville Spalding Coleman had refrained from taking any part in politics. He declined several tenders of office from Mayor Grainger. When Mayor Barth went into office he prevailed upon Mr. Coleman to accept an appointment on the Board of Public

Works. Mayor Barth had great respect for Mr. Coleman's judgment in all matters of business and frequently consulted him when business projects came up for consideration connected with the city administration. Mayor Barth said yesterday that he did not see how he could fill his place on the Board of Public Works. He had depended largely on Mr. Coleman's judgment in the matter of constructing the viaduct on Oak street.

His associates had nothing but words of praise for him yesterday. They were unanimous in the opinion that the city had lost a splendid business man. Mr. Coleman is survived by his wife and one child. He was married about twelve years ago to Miss Liza Robinson, the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Robinson. The daughter, Miss Virginia Coleman, is eleven years of age. Mr. Coleman was devoted to his family. Thomas Coleman, his oldest brother, lived with him.

IS IT DUE TO THE MALARIAL MOSQUITO?

Doctors Discuss the Remarkable
Revival of Malaria in Louisville.

"To the student of climatic changes the remarkable revival of malaria during the last few years presents an interesting question," said a well-known physician yesterday, while talking in Louisville this morning. "Before the war, and even until a quarter of a century ago, this section and Southern Indiana were very malarious, but year by year conditions improved, until a few years ago acute cases of malarial poisoning were rarely found. 'And now for several years we find a constantly-increasing number of chronic cases, and even acute cases of the old-fashioned chills and fever. It is difficult to account for this, unless, accepting the mosquito theory, we believe that the constantly-increasing number of through trains from the South carry the infected insects to our doors. Possibly the unusual rains and resulting rank vegetation may be blamed a condition due in part to the nonabundance of the weed-cutting ordinance. These weeds may not only generate the malarial poison, but also harbor the mosquitoes that carry it. Whatever the cause, Louisville people should be more careful than ever in preventing attacks by using some such standard preventive and remedy as Wintersmith's Tonic, which is the household remedy in the Southern States."

Will Retard Operations.

Tulsa, T. Aug. 17.—Robert Galbreath, one of the largest operators in the Territory, was quoted yesterday as saying that the three-cent reduction in the price of oil made by the Standard Oil Company will have the effect of stopping operations in that field and the shutting down of all wells now in operation.

Made Manager.

Shelbyville, Ky., Aug. 17.—John S. Harrington, of Scott's Station, who for a number of years had charge of the Floral Hall Department of the Shelby county fair, has been appointed manager of the Horticultural exhibit at the State Fair in Louisville next month.

UNIFORM LAWS

Relating To the Life Insurance Business.

EFFORT TO HAVE STATES PASS THEM.

COMMISSIONER PREWITT WILL ATTEND ST. PAUL MEETING.

DRAFTS OF VARIOUS BILLS.

Frankfort, Ky., Aug. 17.—[Special.]—Beginning next Wednesday there will be held at St. Paul, Minn., a meeting of the Commission of Insurance Commissioners and Attorney Generals of various States, appointed at the Chicago conference of February last for the purpose of reporting drafts of bills affecting the business of life insurance, to be reported to the national meeting of commissioners, to be held in Washington in September, with a view to their introduction in the General Assembly of each State. Commissioner Henry R. Prewitt, of Kentucky, is a member of the commission, and will leave here Monday for St. Paul to attend the meeting. He is chairman of a subcommittee on "Investments," and a member of several other subcommittees.

The members of the commission which is to meet in St. Paul are Insurance Commissioners T. D. O'Brien, of Minnesota; Zeno M. Host, of Wisconsin; B. F. Carroll, of Iowa; J. L. Pierce, of Nebraska; H. R. Prewitt, of Kentucky; R. E. Folk, of Tennessee; T. E. Drake, of District of Columbia; W. D. Vandiver, of Missouri; E. Myron Wolf, of California; A. I. Vorys, of Ohio; B. F. Crouse, of Maryland; George H. Adams, of New Hampshire; and Attorney Generals E. T. Young, of Minnesota; J. M. Mayer, of New York; and Charles H. Smith, of Rhode Island, president of the Conference of State Commissioners on Uniform Laws, and members of the Insurance Commission of the United States.

At the meetings the subcommittees of the commission will report drafts of bills on the following subjects: Standard Forms of Policies, Annual Accounting and Distribution, Prohibition of Political Contributions, Investments, Policy to Be Held Agent of Company, Prohibition of False Estimates and Misrepresentation, Conversion of Stock Into Mutual Companies, Temporary Stock Plan, Participation in Company Profits, Nonparticipating Business, Salaries of Officers When Fixed by Directors, Vouchers, Annual Reports, and Regulation of External and Assessment of Co-operative Companies. Commissioner Prewitt is chairman of the subcommittee on investments and a member of the subcommittees on the subjects: Annual Accounting and Distribution, Election of Directors, Regulation of External and Assessment of Co-operative Companies. The conference of the commission at St. Paul will continue for about a week.

FELL OUT OF BED.

William Smalley Hurt and the Burglar Got Away.

Paduach, Ky., Aug. 17.—[Special.]—Awakened by the screams of his wife, William Smalley, of 905 Clark street, fell out of bed before daylight this morning about 7 o'clock, between his right arm and the burglar, whose presence in the room frightened Mrs. Smalley, escaped through a window, and left a trail of blood to the Illinois Central railroad shops.

Killed by a Train.

Kuttawa, Ky., Aug. 17.—[Special.]—Tilden Parentt, a section hand on the Illinois Central railroad, was killed this morning about 7 o'clock, between Paducah and Belknap, north of here. The section crew of eight men, in charge of Section Foreman Sam Holt, were on a hand-car going south when freight engine No. 155 struck them from the rear, running down grade at high speed. All escaped unhurt except Parentt, whose neck and right ankle were broken. The child caused instant death. Tilden Parentt was reared in this county near Saratoga, where he has many relatives and friends. He leaves a wife, the sister of Section Foreman Holt, and four small children. The body was brought to this city, where an inquest was held by Coroner Budd.

Fast Driving in Paducah.

Paducah, Ky., Aug. 17.—[Special.]—When automobile tags were issued this summer for the first time in Paducah, Daniel Fitzpatrick selected No. 13 for his machine, and Henry Arenz, manager of the Paducah Commission Company, picked out No. 23, and told City Treasurer John C. Smith that they were going to fast drive, being the first arrests for this offense. Fitzpatrick was fined \$10 with \$3 costs, and Arenz, who had No. 23, was told to go, as the evidence was not sufficient to hold him.

Held to Answer.

Elizabethtown, Ky., Aug. 17.—[Special.]—Everest Sidebottom, charged

Valparaiso is a fortified seaport of Chile and the most important commercial town of the western coast of South America. It has a population of about 150,000. It is the capital of a province of the same name and is situated on a large bay in the Pacific ocean, seventy-five miles west-northwest of Santiago, with which it is connected by rail. The Bay of Valparaiso, which is well sheltered on three sides, is bounded by ranges of hills rising to from 1,000 to 1,700 feet high on the slopes of which a considerable portion of the city of Valparaiso is built. On the south side of the bay are the spacious suburbs of Nuevo Maileo and Gran Avenida, from which pass out one of the finest of the thoroughfares of Valparaiso, the Avenida de Las Delicias. The lower central section of the city is constituted by the Alameda, having regular and attractive streets and containing the principal business houses, the park, the Plaza Victoria and the national theater.

To the northwest of this city, in the quarter of the city known as the Puerto (or port), in which are situated a greater number of the public buildings and the vast warehouses which line the quays and docks. In this portion of the city, however, narrow crooked streets are still a feature, but the newer sections of Valparaiso have an attractive modern appearance. The buildings in the business quarters being massively built. Among the monuments in Valparaiso are the Columbus, Wheelwright (who established steam navigation on the Chilean coast), Admiral Prat and German and French merchants. There is a custom-house wharf, alongside of which steamers of ordinary tonnage can moor, but most of the loading is done by the lighters from a quay surrounding the town. The harbor is defended by modern, well-mounted batteries. Severe storms and a tidal wave at Valparaiso June 30, 1899, wrecked the railroad and did great damage to the city.

With attempting to pass a forged \$200 check with the signature of J. H. Hart, waived examining trial yesterday in the County Court. Mr. Hart was held to the grand jury in the sum of \$200. Sidebottom swore out a warrant against Bob Tharpe, charging him with forgery. Tharpe was arrested, given an examining trial, and also held over to the November grand jury under a \$200 bond. Both men were unable to give bond.

Western Normal School.

Bowling Green, Ky., Aug. 17.—The Board of Regents of the Normal School for the Western district of Kentucky, has been called to meet this morning at 9 o'clock. This is the first meeting of the board held in this city. The object is to make final arrangements for the opening of the school in January. The board is made up as follows: J. H. Puga, Frankfort; E. H. Markle, Louisville; C. C. Miller, Elizabethtown; H. K. Cole, and J. Whit Potter, of this city.

Harrison Hamilton Dead.

Carlisle, Ky., Aug. 17.—[Special.]—Harrison Hamilton, aged forty-two years, died at his home at Parks Ferry, this county, today, after an illness of several months. Mr. Hamilton was one of the best-known citizens of this county. He was a member of the Board of Supervisors of the Washington Manufacturing and Mining Company at Parks Ferry, one of the largest lumber and planing mills in this section of the State. He is survived by a wife and three children.

Died in British Honduras.

Sharpsburg, Ky., Aug. 17.—[Special.]—Relatives here received word of the death of Eugene Jones, the only son of Thomas J. Jones. He left here several months ago and went to Belize, Honduras, to work for the Emory Mahogany Company. Malarial fever caused his death. He served as a soldier in Cuba during the war with Spain, and his health had never been good since.

Proved Self-Defense.

Frankfort, Ky., Aug. 17.—[Special.]—In the Franklin County Court today, Ellis Burkle, colored, charged with the murder of Ed Shain, also colored, was tried and acquitted. The killing took place on the new State Capitol works several days ago. Burkle proved that he acted in self-defense.

Garrard Court.

Lancaster, Ky., Aug. 17.—[Special.]—The August term of the Garrard Circuit Court will convene Monday with Lee, the County Judge, presiding. Cases of the Commonwealth against Sam Jennings for killing Vace Miller and John Humber for the murder of George Pollard, will be called for trial.

Mrs. Moore Dead.

Elizabethtown, Ky., Aug. 17.—[Special.]—Mrs. Malvina Moore, a well-known woman of this city died yesterday evening of a complication of diseases several days ago. She was 65 years of age. She is survived by a daughter, Mrs. O. W. Johnson, the wife of Magistrate Quince Johnson.

Death in Old Age.

Henderson, Ky., Aug. 17.—Mrs. Ellen Feick, aged eighty-eight years, died here at the home of her son, Wm. Penwick, from infirmities due to old age. She was a native of this county and was married to her husband, Wm. Penwick, by her son, Wm. Penwick. She is survived by five children.

Dies After Long Illness.

Lancaster, Ky., Aug. 17.—[Special.]—Mrs. J. H. Haney died at her home in the Buckeye section of the county, after several months of protracted illness due to the infirmities of age. She was a sister of the late Dr. William Ray.

THE OFFER

\$50.00 . . First Prize
\$20.00 Second Prize
\$15.00 . . Third Prize
\$10.00 Fourth Prize
Eleven Prizes of \$5.00 Each.

You Can Earn Any of These By Saving Labels From

Mother's Bread.

\$150.00 In Gold Distributed Sept. 1.

"For Goodness' Sake" Get Yours

Save the labels from Mother's Bread and the other breads made by the Whiteside Bakery, and when you have 100 take them to your grocery or the Whiteside Bakery, Fourteenth and Maple streets, and in exchange get a certificate, good for a handsome premium. In addition get two voting coupons, good for 100 votes each. One coupon can be voted for anyone, yourself or your friend, during any monthly contest. The other coupon can be voted only in the grand final contest in December, when \$1,500 will be given away.

WATCH FOR SUBSTITUTIONS.

THE VOTE TO DATE IS AS FOLLOWS:

MISS RUTH WENTZ, 418 Third street, New Albany	1,500
MISS M. J. CARROLL, Twenty-sixth and Madison	1,000
MISS MARGUERITE EILER, 3003 Greenwood avenue	500
MR. DOWNEY CARROLL, 734 Zane street	200
MISS LILLIE GREEN, 1238 Delaware street	100
MISS FLORENCE NEAT, 1318 Thirteenth street	100

SARATOGA

Next Meeting Place of the
G. A. R.

PROTEST AGAINST STATUE TO
HENRY WIRZ.

THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF AP-
POINTS HIS STAFF.

GREETING FROM ROOSEVELT.

Minneapolis, Minn., Aug. 17.—The Grand Army of the Republic completed its fortieth encampment late to-day and adjourned to meet in Saratoga, N. Y., in 1907.

The encampment after an exciting debate decided that a protest against the erection of a statue to Henry Wirz should be sent to Gen. S. D. Lee, the Commander of the Southern Veterans Association. This action was decided upon only after a long debate which at times became energetic and acrimonious.

The proposition to deprecate the action of Congress in abolishing the cantonment from the Old Soldiers' Homes was laid on the table without debate. Just prior to the final adjournment the new Commander-in-Chief, R. B. Brown, of Zanesville, O., announced the following staff appointments: Adjutant General, Joseph W. O'Neal, of Ohio; Quartermaster General, Charles Burrows, of New Jersey; Assistant Quartermaster General, J. H. Holcomb, of Philadelphia; Chief of Staff, J. W. Winneke, of Ohio.

When the encampment was called to order this morning the first question upon the agenda was the selection of the place for the holding of the next encampment. The invitation of Saratoga, N. Y., was presented yesterday and that of Cincinnati was made as soon as the meeting was called to order today. The vote proceeded smoothly enough until the name of Kansas was called. Capt. P. H. Coney, of the Kansas delegation, cast his vote forty votes for Cincinnati. The vote was promptly questioned on the ground that the Kansas delegation had any such number of delegates in the hall. A long debate ensued, which ended by the ruling of the Commander-in-Chief that Kansas could vote only as many men as were actually present.

The number happened to be something less than twenty. The final vote showed 63 for Saratoga and 135 for Cincinnati. A delegate from Wisconsin attempted to bring up the question of the minority report of the Grand Army of the Republic, asking that the influence of the Southern soldiers be used against the proposition. He was told by thirty minutes in support of his motion, and was followed by Past Commander E. Torrance, of Minneapolis, who declared that the Grand Army should not, in his opinion, take official cognizance of the matter at this time. Both speakers were loudly cheered, as were others who spoke on the question.

Commander-in-Chief Tanner, who had urged in his report that a protest be made against the erection of the statue, gave up the chair to make an impassioned speech from the question of the minority report of Mr. Ketcham, which was in line with the suggestion made in his report. The debate grew very warm and a few personalities were indulged in. The minority report was adopted by a viva voce vote and apparently by a large majority.

Resolutions were adopted asking the Secretary of War to purchase the grounds on which monuments have been erected on the battlefield of Bull Run, and asking that statistics as accurate as possible of the mortality in Southern prisons be issued by the Government.

During the day Commander-in-Chief

Tanner sent to President Roosevelt a message informing him of the fact that the encampment was in session. To this the following reply was made by President Roosevelt: "I am glad to hear that the Grand Army of the Republic is holding its fortieth encampment. I am sure that it will be a successful one and that it will result in the adoption of measures which will be for the benefit of the country."

Through you I extend to the Grand Army of the Republic my hearty greetings, not merely personal, but official, in behalf of all the people of this nation whose exalted duty it is to maintain the honor and comradeship in the heroic days of the Civil War.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.
Greetings were received during the day from various patriotic societies, among which were the Spanish War Veterans and the John H. Morgan Association, an association of Confederate soldiers. The adjournment was taken immediately after the installation of the newly elected officers by Past Commander Louis Wagner, of Philadelphia.

**SERIOUS CHARGE
AGAINST WOMAN.**
Lee Hilly Arrested for Writing Scurrilous Letters to Mayor Boehne.

Evansville, Ind., Aug. 17.—Lee Hilly, known in the underworld as Nellie Evans, was placed under arrest to-day by Deputy United States Marshal Charles Johnson, on charges of writing scurrilous letters to Mayor John W. Boehne of this city. She was released on \$1,000 bond, and her case will be submitted to the Federal grand jury at Indianapolis. Shortly after Mayor Boehne assumed the duties of his office he received a letter from a woman, who was detailed on the case, called in Post-office Inspector Harford, of Cincinnati. It is said the officers have handwriting experts who will testify that letters written to the Boehne family is the handwriting of the Holly woman. The pastor of the Trinity Lutheran church, of which Mayor Boehne is a member, the Rev. Charles Frank, has been receiving letters of the same character as well as several members of the Boehne family and several city officials. In all of the letters to Mayor Boehne the writer is said to have threatened his life if he did not assume a more lenient attitude toward the prisoners of the city. Joseph B. Keating, of Indianapolis, came here to-day to look into the case.

**APPLICATIONS FOR BOXES
AT HORSE SHOW.**
Diagram Received, and Reservations May Be Made Before Construction Is Complete.

A number of applications have been received by the management for the boxes for the coming Horse Show to be held October 1, in the Armory. The diagram has been secured, which will enable those desiring to do so to secure boxes without waiting for them to be constructed, which will be about the middle of September. The boxes as laid off by Capt. Davis, the architect, will be considerably larger and a great deal more commodious than those at the old Horse Show building. The floor will be covered with some artistic pattern of matting, and the boxes will be decorated to correspond with the colors to be used throughout the building. The society's colors, blue, red and yellow, will, of course, predominate.

Since the opening of the box sheet, the secretary and his assistant have been kept busy answering questions and making reservations for people both in and out of town, and from the present outlook nothing is to be expected when the bugle sounds on the opening night.

MINERS STRIKE AT JELICO MINES.

Knoxville, Tenn., Aug. 17.—Coal miners on a strike at the Bell Jellico mines, three miles west of Pineville, Ky. The trouble is said to have originated over the question of coal weights. Wednesday night a miners' union was organized at the mines, and Thursday a general strike was declared operative. An official of the company claims that outsiders came in and induced his men to join the union against their will.

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Complete Power Installations
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Fourth Ave. . . . Opposite Post-office.

STECK PIANOS

Crippen-Allen Piano Co.
Fourth Ave. . . . Opposite Post-office.

WILL GO ALONE ON SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH.

New York, Aug. 17.—Like a Robinson Crusoe and without a man Friday and certain of rescue Alfred J. Klein will spend three months on Kerguelen Island, away south of the Indian Ocean and half way between Tasmania and the southern end of the continent of Africa. He is being sent thither by the Museum of Natural History for purposes of research, and expects to sail from Boston in September.

Through the voyage of a whaling vessel the museum has obtained information about Kerguelen Island, which leads to a belief that the island contains many specimens of plant and animal life entirely unknown to the world of science.

On the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad's Big Sandy Extension

VERSAILLES.

have gone for a trip to Niagara Falls and other points of interest.

Miss L. C. Lieber has returned from Owensboro.

Miss Katherine Coville, of Memphis, is the guest of Mrs. Henry Dixon.

Mrs. William S. Holloway has gone to St. Louis to visit her niece, Mrs. W. G. Harding.

Mr. and Mrs. John W. Hutchen, of Louisville, returned home after a visit to relatives here.

Miss Lillian Elkin is visiting her sister, Mrs. W. H. Elkin, of Louisville.

Mrs. John W. Posey, of California, is the guest of her sister, Miss Lizette Taylor.

Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Gayle have returned from a visit to their mother, Mrs. Isabella Gayle.

Miss Mary and Tina Kellner have returned from a visit to their mother. They were guests at a house party at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jessie Kellner.

SEARSBURG.

SEARSBURG, Aug. 17.—[Special.]—

Miss Catherine Spence Herriott, of Mt. Sterling, is visiting Miss Jennie J. Bell.

Miss Mary Wright has returned from a ten days' visit at Owensville.

Miss Clara Callahan, of Louisville, is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. H. T. Bell.

Miss Mary Ann McEwen, of Evansville, visited relatives here several days the past week and from here she went to Kansas City, Mo., to visit her mother during the summer.

Miss Mary B. Talbot returned Monday from a visit to her daughter, Mrs. Nannie Johnson, at Paris.

Miss Mary McCue, of Cincinnati, is the guest of Mrs. James G. McCue.

Miss Frances McCallister, of Tuesday, returned from a visit to Mrs. Elizabeth Farris at Redhouse, Madison county.

Miss Mary and Mrs. Martha Lee Gay and Mrs. O. M. Ratliff and Mrs. W. J. Ratliff returned Monday from Parks Hill Assembly.

HARTFORD.

HARTFORD, Aug. 17.—[Special.]—Miss Mary English and Miss Edwina Rowe, of Owensboro, are visiting Mrs. F. C. Maddox.

Miss Leona Thomas returned last week from a week's visit in Louisville.

Miss Margaret McMurtry will return to her home here from a visit to her mother's at Pleasant stay with her cousin, Mrs. J. H. McMurtry.

Miss Marie Austin, of Beaver Dam,

Mrs. George Le
er an absence of

returned from a visit to the Misses
Miss Margaret Marks is with relatives
Mrs. R. T. Collins is in Louisville where
she will spend a few days.
Mrs. J. O. Walker will return to their home in Lexington after
several weeks with their grandparents,
Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Walker.

COLUMBIA.

COLUMBIA, Aug. 17.—[Special.]—
J. O. Walker has returned
from the Sulphur Well.
Mrs. J. D. Walker spent a few days of
this week at Gradyville.
Messdames Edna Montgomery and
Mrs. J. O. Walker are at Gradyville this week.
Miss Polk Mitchell, of Edmonton, is visit-
ing in the vicinity of Columbia.
Mrs. J. O. Walker is visiting at Regina Rus-
sell are visiting in Monticello.
Mrs. W. F. Neat and Miss Pearl Neat,
of Gardin, are visiting here.
Mrs. R. H. Hindman is spending two
days in Bowling Green and Franklin.
Miss B. H. Hunter has returned from a
visit to Campsville.
Miss B. H. Hindman of Bradfordville, is
visiting relatives in this locality.
Miss Cary Hughes and her grandmother
Mrs. J. O. Hughes are sojourning in
the mountains of Tennessee.

WILLIAMSTOWN.

WILLIAMSTOWN, Aug. 17.—[Spe-
cial.]—C. W. Riddell is sojourning
at Petoskey.
Miss May Cunningham, of Ironton, O.,
is the guest of her grandparents here.
Mrs. J. O. Knox City, Mo., is
visiting relatives here.
Mrs. Emma Warren has returned to
Louisville to visit relatives here.
Henry Bonar, of Henryetta, T. I., is
visiting relatives here.
Mrs. J. O. Hughes is the guest of Mrs.
Clara Brunsfield in Lexington.
Mrs. F. C. Ellison is visiting her sister
in Lexington.
W. H. New has returned to McPherson

Charles Wimsatt and
one at Hedgerd.

FRANKLIN.

FRANKLIN, Aug. 17.—[Special.]—Dr. and Mrs. Alton T. Roark, of Boston, Mass., are spending the month of August with his father, F. M. Roark, Jr., Dr. and Mrs. Jerome Cowles returning from Salsinda, N. C., where they spent several weeks.

Dr. and Mrs. George H. Widner are spending several weeks in New London, Conn.

Mrs. N. N. and Mrs. George W. Vague, Tenn., are spending two weeks with the family of her father, George W. Vague, Jr., and Mrs. E. E. Elgin, of Warren county, are guests of the family of the Rev. Mr. Colver.

Mrs. and Mrs. Ellis Malone are visiting with Ruth Phillips and Nellie Gooch in Asheville, N. C.

Mrs. Leland Stanford is spending two weeks in Hartsville, Tenn.

INDIANA.

CANNELTON.

CANNELTON, Ind., Aug. 17.—[Special.]—Mrs. Charles E. Cox and children, of Stanford, are the guests of Mary Zimmerman.

Miss Mabel England entertained a house party of young people from here at "Sunbrook" this week, the guests of honor being Miss Nellie Clark, of Elizabethtown, and Mrs. Proctor Keith, of Cloverport.

Mrs. William A. Wilson is spending a fortnight at Lily White Sulphur Springs, Petersburg.

Misses Perle and Mary Schuler are giving a social night for the W. R. Club.

Mrs. Wm. G. Minor and Misses Lucille and Doris Minor are visiting relatives in Petersburg.

Misses Hilda Schlemmer, Mary Morgan, and Misses Mary and Edna Knight N. Mason are among the Canneton people this week.

of the Chautauqu
on Friday after

MADISON.
MADISON, Ind., Aug. 17.—[Special.]—Misses Mamie and Hermeline Schill, of Newport, Ky., are guests of Mrs. J. J. Schill.
Mrs. Lawrence Smith gave a recherche reception Monday evening for Mrs. Louise Wallick, of New York, and Mrs. Nellie Crowell, of Chicago. Progressive society was entertained.
Mrs. Rebecca Moorehouse, who was visiting Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Kings, left Tuesday afternoon for Russell Bluffs, La.
The social event of the season at Milton, Ky., across the river from Madison, was the dancing Monday night by Miss Jessie Tandy in honor of her cousin, Miss Adella Craig, of Louisville.
Miss Tilly Spalding, of Louisville, is visiting in Hunter's Bottom.

CHARLESTOWN.
CHARLESTOWN, Ind., Aug. 17.—[Special.]—Miss Margaret Flinn, of Louisville, is visiting Miss Mayme Lutz.
Miss Marguerite Carr is visiting Miss Hettie Morrison, of Indianapolis.
Miss Mrs. Otto Miller, of Louisville, have been visiting Charlestown friends.

Dr. and Mrs. W. W. Work returned Saturday from a two week tour of the States. They were accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Barbee, at Lexington, Ky., and Mrs. J. W. Haymaker and son, Robert Haymaker, of New York, who were en route to New York, and returned Saturday from a visit to Lexington, Ky., to hear John Barbee, the Buchanan, and niece, Mrs. John Barbee.





Kirschbaum

\$10, \$12.50 and \$15

Outing Suits

\$3.50

and

\$5.00

All kinds of materials; light, medium and dark patterns; all sizes. Bought 2,000 last week because the manufacturers tempted us with a price.

Regular \$10, \$12.50 and \$15 goods— which we first sold at \$4.50 and \$5.50. Now we've cut the price on what's left to \$3.50 and \$5. And you'd better drop in to-day if you want one.

Levy's Third and Market.

Courier-Journal.

TRADES UNION COUNCIL

LOUISVILLE, KY.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 18, 1906

NOTICE TO SUM-

MER WANDERERS.

Have The Courier-Journal forwarded to your address when you go away on your vacation. If you are now a paid-up subscriber, please let us know when you order the paper forwarded, and also let us know if you desire it stopped at your home address. Be careful to give post-office, hotel or street address in all cases.

WITHOUT QUORUM

MEMBERS OF STATE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE VOTE.

Effort to Prevent Pool Selling on Races at the State Fair.

Four members of the State Board of Agriculture met yesterday afternoon in the offices of the Commercial Club, pursuant to the call of the chairman, Hubert Vreeland, to discuss the proposed sale of the State Fair grounds.

Desha Breckinridge and Prof. M. A. Scovel, of Lexington, and W. G. Adams, of Cynthiana, were present. Although they did not constitute a quorum, therefore the action is not legally binding.

The four members present voted for a resolution prohibiting pool selling on the grounds of the State Fair during the fair. No quorum of the Board of Control appeared for the regular meeting yesterday.

It was said by a member of the Board of Control that its contract with the New Louisville Jockey Club and the American Turf Association, from which the larger portion of the Jockey Club grounds have been leased for State Fair purposes, provides that the club shall make two races daily during the week of the fair. These races, it was said, will occupy less than one hour and the Board of Control will not receive any direct pecuniary benefit from them except the entrance fees of those who go only to see the races.

On the grounds leased by the State Fair, it was said further, no pool selling will be permitted, although the Board of Control cannot attempt to regulate pool selling on such of the club's property as may not be leased by the board and is contiguous to that which will be in use for State Fair purposes.

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NO TRIFLING.

Juvenile Court Must Be Respected Properly.

JUDGE WILSON PRESIDES OVER TROUBLE OF THE YOUNG.

FIVE NEW PROBATION OFFICERS APPOINTED.

CASES OF VARIOUS KINDS.

Rule after rule was issued against complaining witnesses who did not appear in the Juvenile Court yesterday morning when the cases in which they were interested were called. The same action was taken in the cases of parents who had sent children under the jurisdiction of the court away from the city. In explaining the issuing of several of the orders Judge Charles A. Wilson said that people must not get into the way of thinking that the Juvenile Court may be trifled with. If persons make complaints against minors, he said, they shall not be permitted to absent themselves from the sittings of the court or to ignore the orders of the court any more than in the case of any other tribunal. Many of the cases on the docket yesterday when called did not result in the appearance of the prosecuting witnesses. Judge Wilson said that hereafter he would make good use of the county jail in all cases of contempt of court.

Most of all of the youthful defendants in the Juvenile Court appear to be victims of circumstances and their environments rather than vicious by nature or inclination. All the problems of modern society are involved in one or another of the cases, and it is often a hard puzzle for Judge Wilson to solve as to what to do with those who are taken before him.

Five additional probation officers were appointed by the court yesterday. They were Mayor Paul C. Barth, J. Pink Cuneo, Henry Klaber, the Rev. J. C. Underwood, Edward J. Bosser and Guy Shipp. The Rev. Mr. Underwood is assistant pastor of the Chestnut-street Baptist church. His appointment completes the representation of probation officers from all the leading denominations, whether a boy or a girl be of a Baptist, Presbyterian or Catholic family, he may be turned over to the care of a probation officer of a creed and faith like that of his parents. Mayor Barth said that he hoped he would be given work to do as a probation officer, and that his appointment would not be considered an honorary one.

Three Children Under Grave Charge.

One man had complained against three little German children, one boy and two girls, the oldest of whom scarcely was able to understand what had happened. The boy, who was being responsible for the death of a small son of the prosecuting witness, was injured in a fall on the pavement. The death of a cerebral meningitis. No evidence was introduced except that of a sister of the dead child, who said that the oldest of the three defendant children was responsible. When questioned, this little girl kept repeating: "He fell down and got hurt and died," she said. "Then they blamed me for it."

Judge Wilson learned that the death had occurred nine days after the alleged assault, and that the child had had medical attention in the meantime, although he complained of pains in his head. No inquest was held and the physician who reported the death did not allude to suspicious circumstances. It was brought out that the children of the two families quarreled among themselves. Judge Wilson dismissed the case with instructions that the parents prevent the quarreling in the future.

One man was "outraged" because two small boys had dared to climb the fence around his yard to get a ball. They had climbed over the fence and did not hesitate to climb over the roof of his coal shed, either in order to retrieve the ball. The enormity of the offense was increased by the fact that the trespass was committed right before the complainant. Judge Wilson dismissed the case with recommendation that the boys that they be careful not to annoy others when they play ball. The complainant, a Pole, admitted that it had been many years since he had played ball.

A chivalrous colored boy of seventeen years was defendant in a charge of disorderly conduct. The evidence made it appear that he had interfered when another negro boy had cursed a woman. The toughest proof of the girl complained that three others had made "cracks" at her and had otherwise annoyed her. The case was dismissed for want of sufficient evidence. The whole four were put on probation.

Passing Pleasantries.

One woman, a Russian Jew, exhibited three stones, which she alleged had been thrown over the fence at her by a colored girl, the prisoner. She was very indignant and demanded that the girl be punished. The prisoner was asked as to what terms she would accept with the complainant. For a bit of evidence she recounted the following salutation, which she said was practiced by them:

"When I would pass in front of her house," said the girl, "she would say to me, 'How do you do, dirty nigger.'"

"Then I would say to her, 'How do you do, dirty Jew.'"

That case was almost laughed out of court.

One fifteen-year-old Hebrew boy was recommended to the court by an employer who had been struck by him. He had been interested in the Newsboys' Home for years, and besides that, knows many boys in the neighborhood. This was one of them. The lad had led all his classes at the night school and was regarded as almost a prodigy. His stepmother had complained that when he went into the house, trouble began. The Judge learned that family quarrels were not as amiable as they might be and cautioned the father and mother that they must "patch things up" as they went along.

John J. Hesse used the Louisville Railway Company yesterday for \$100 damages, alleging that he was thrown over the dashboard of his wagon by a wheel being caught in a switch of the defendant.

COURT PARAGRAPHS.

—R. L. Foreman sued W. H. Gregory for \$615 alleged due him for fees for medical services.

—Mary L. Beckert sued Walter F. Beckert for divorce, charging drunkenness and non-support. They were married in Jeffersonville May 2, 1900.

—John J. Hesse sued the Louisville Railway Company yesterday for \$100 damages, alleging that he was thrown over the dashboard of his wagon by a wheel being caught in a switch of the defendant.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Kind of Skin Disease, from Itchiness to Eczema, including Cuts, Burns, Scalds, Ulcers, Sores, Boils, etc., by the use of the latest and most effective methods. A single treatment cures. For a full description of our treatment, send for our "Illustrated Book." How to Cure Skin Diseases.

Train leaves Seventh-street Depot at 8 o'clock a. m., Monday, August 27. Tickets good returning ten days from date of sale. Information furnished on application at City Ticket Office, 20 Fourth avenue. S. C. Gates, General Agent.

SPECIAL DAYS

Arranged For State Fair By Gen. Castleman.

SCHOOL CHILDREN TO PARTICIPATE IN GRAND OPENING.

"LOUISVILLE DAY" AND "KENTUCKY DAY" BIG FEATURES.

THE COMMITTEES SELECTED.

A list of special days for the Kentucky State Fair has been prepared by the committee of which Gen. John B. Castleman is chairman. Each day of the six during the week will be a special occasion, and Gen. Castleman will appoint special committees to have charge of the arrangements. The special days have been named as follows: Monday, September 17, Public School Day; Tuesday, September 18, Fraternal Day; Wednesday, September 19, Louisville Day; Thursday, September 20, Kentucky Day; Friday, September 21, Colored Folks Day; Saturday, September 22, Everybody's Day.

Having selected the special days, the committee now will go to work to arrange for the entertainment and programs for the several special days. The School Board already has acted and has granted the children of the white schools of the city a holiday on Monday, September 17. The Ticket Committee has arranged to sell tickets to the school children at ten cents for this day, and it is expected that 20,000 of the 35,000 school children of Louisville will be at Churchill Downs on the first day of the fair. The executives of Public School Day will not be confined to the school children of Louisville, but the public school children in the entire State of Kentucky will be invited for that occasion. James H. Fuqua, Superintendent of Public Instruction, has been named as a member of the committee by Gen. Castleman to look after the interests of the school children in the State.

The School Board also has granted the colored school children a holiday on Friday, September 21. And they will be sold tickets at ten cents for that occasion. A suitable committee will be named by Gen. Castleman to have charge of the arrangements.

R. S. Brown has been chosen as chairman of the Subcommittee on Fraternal Day and his associates will be chosen from among the officers of the fraternal organizations of the city.

Names Mayor and Governor.

Mayor Paul C. Barth has been chosen as chairman of the Committee on Louisville Day. The General Assembly will be asked to declare a half-holiday on Wednesday, and an effort will be made to secure a record-breaking attendance on that occasion. For Kentucky Day Gov. J. C. W. Beckham has been named chairman of the committee, and this likewise is expected to be one of the biggest days of the week. A number of plans for Colored Folks' Day are under consideration and special committees will be appointed to have charge of the arrangements.

The programme for the closing day of the fair, which will be known as Everybody's Day, will be outlined as follows by Gen. Castleman: Every citizen of the Commonwealth is a member of the committee for this day; everybody to have a good time in his own way; to maintain order and to have respect for everybody else.

The selection of special days by Gen. Castleman has met with approval by every member of the Board of Control. The committee was given unlimited authority to carry out his programme as outlined. Little doubt is expressed that a record-breaking attendance at the Kentucky State Fair will be witnessed on the first day, and the committee will not be surprised if over 40,000 persons pass through the turnstile.

Public School Day Committee.

Dr. E. J. Buechel has been chosen as chairman of the Public School Day Committee, and his committee will be composed of the following members: James H. Fuqua, State Superintendent of Public Instruction; Edward W. Wolf, Phil. Thompson, John Hoertz, Edward L. Carpenter, Bernard Stehlin, Jr., Dr. Bruce Lantz, James Norton, Dr. J. W. Galvin, Dr. R. E. Galvin, S. C. Moore, Dr. C. T. Cope and J. B. Atkinson, members of the School Board.

NO PASSENGERS FOR RURAL MAIL CARRIERS.

In accordance with an order recently issued by V. De Graaf, Postmaster General, rural mail carriers are forbidden to carry any person with them in their delivery of mail. The order is issued and authorized agents of the department. Heretofore rural carriers have been taking members of their families and their friends, and often friends, and authorized agents of the department. This privilege has been rescinded and the order has been allowed. Copies of this order were received at the local post-office yesterday.

BIG BARGE SINKS IN THE CANAL.

While on its way down the Ohio river from Pittsburgh, a large barge of the Pittsburgh Steel company, heavily loaded with fencing wire, struck a projecting obstacle in the canal at Thirtieth street yesterday afternoon and was sunk. An effort was made to stop the leak, but before this could be done the barge was filled and, with its heavy cargo it sank to the bottom. Navigation through the canal is stopped temporarily until the Government men, who have been summoned, recover the fencing wire and remove the debris.

MAN FINED FOR CAUSING DISTURBANCE ON CAR.

Pat Hartnett, charged with disorderly conduct, was fined \$19 in the Police Court yesterday morning and was placed under a bond of \$400 to be of good behavior for four months. Hartnett created a disturbance on a Preston-street car several days ago by refusing to pay his fare and was charged with attacking the conductor.

Low R. R. Rates, Hot Springs, Ark.

During the summer, Long limit to return. See your ticket agent for full terms. Write Bureau of Information, Hot Springs, Ark., for illustrated book of information.

Tannery Incorporated.

The Falls City Tannery incorporated yesterday with a capitalization of \$100,000 divided into 100 shares. The incorporators and their respective holdings are: J. P. C. Hegewald, 1,000 shares; J. H. Kreischer, five shares; J. M. Johnson, five shares. The maximum debt is \$100,000.

Robert L. Page, Assistant County Attorney, presented a nolle pro in the case of Henry R. Mercer, charged with violating the Sunday closing law, in Magistrate Hoffman's court yesterday morning. The motion was overruled by Magistrate Hoffman and Mercer's case was called for trial. Mercer was found guilty and fined \$50. Bond was given as the case will be appealed.

The cases of Robert J. Frick and John Krekel, charged with violating the Sunday closing law, were called on, and after prayers were presented, were dismissed.

CLEAR EYE

BRIGHT COMPLEXION

SURE SIGNS GOOD HEALTH, BOTH FOLLOW USE

HUGHES' TONIC

Great Medicine—Success over 40 years—Far better than doing with Calomel and Quinine. Cures CHILLS AND FEVER—SALLOW COMPLEXION, BILIOUS DISORDERS, because it CLEANSSES system—acts gently on Bowels and Liver—fine Tonic, gives appetite and strength—pleasant to taste. TRY IT—insist on HUGHES' and no other.

50 cent and \$1.00 Bottles at Druggists.

ROBINSON-PETTET CO., Inc., Louisville, Ky.

For the Best of Reasons Insure Your Property

WITH THE Kentucky and Louisville Mutual Insurance Co.

INCORPORATED—

208 Fifth Street.

Best and Cheapest Fire Insurance.

ODDS AND ENDS SALE AT LESS THAN COST.

TABLES for Parlors and Libraries.

CHAIRS for Halls, Parlors and Bedrooms.

LADIES' DESKS in oak and mahogany.

We also include all

GO-CARTS, RATTAN CHAIRS and ROCKERS, PORCH and LAWN SETTEES, ROCKERS, CHAIRS, Etc.

KEISKER'S 586 Fourth Avenue.

Prof. W. H. Bartholomew, principal Female High School, Prof. R. P. H. Fausch, principal Male High School, and Prof. W. J. McComathy, principal Normal School.

The principals of the following schools have been named as associate committee members: Atkinson school, California school, Gavin school, Columbia school, Commercial school, Crescent Hill school, Duncan street school, Eighth ward school, Elkhorn school, Enterprise school, Fifth ward school, First ward school, Fourth ward school, Germantown school, Grayson street school, John H. Heywood school, Kentucky street school, Lower Fulton street school, Lucia avenue school, Lytle street school, Madison street school, Monarsat street school, Montgomery street school, Normal district school, James Norton school, Overhill school, Parkland school, Parkland school, Sixth ward school, Shippen school, Sixth ward school, Snyder avenue school, Sylvia avenue school, Tenth ward school, Third ward school, Thirtieth street school, George H. Tingley school, Twelfth ward school, Upper street school.

One of the features of Public School Day will be the singing by a chorus of 1,000 schoolgirls in costume. The chorus will be rehearsed in the singing of "My Old Kentucky Home" and "America." Each girl will be provided with a large American flag.

3 Specials

COLLARETTES—

\$10.00 values now.....\$6.00

\$8.00 values now.....\$5.00

\$6.50 values now.....\$3.50

NECKLACES AND COMBS—

Cut 50 Per Cent.

Sale embraces our full line and every piece guaranteed. Nothing reserved.

Geo. Wolf & Co.

528 Fourth ave.

Motors and Dynamos

One-quarter to 3,000 horsepower, direct and alternating currents. Ask for catalogue. Electric and mechanical specialties of every description.

HARRY I. WOOD CO.,

(INCORPORATED)

518-520 West Main,

Louisville, Ky.

Cut Flowers

THE FINEST ASSORTMENT IN THE CITY.

Rose Buds, Lilies, Aster, Gladiolus, Lily of the Valley, etc., artistically arranged as desired. Flowers for funerals and other occasions are arriving from Europe.

No connection with any other store in the city.

F. Walker & Co.,

634 Fourth Avenue.

APPEAL TO BE TAKEN IN SUNDAY-CLOSING CASE.

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DOORS AND INTERIOR TRIM

—IN—

SOLIDS AND VENEERS.

J. N. STRUCK & BRO.

PHONES MAIN 40

WEBER PIAONS

Crippen-Allen Piano Co.

Fourth Ave. Opposite Post-office

A mere mention of malaria makes you think of Wintersmith's Tonic. First thoughts are best.

Only a few lots left on Garland avenue—prices \$450 and \$480. Street brick paved; city water; both gases, etc. You must come at once if you want Garland avenue frontage.

Come to

Dulaney Place

And Buy a Slice of the Earth—the Best In Louisville.

It is the fairest bit of Land in Louisville.

It is right in the center of the city.

It must be seen to be appreciated.

It is the admiration of all who have seen it.

It has three car lines, and a fourth soon.

It is not a remote suburb of uncertain value.

It is the highest and driest subdivision in Louisville.

It is selling cheaper than any of the surrounding property.

They Are Selling Fast.

In three weeks' time over 300 lots have been disposed of.

Let Your Rent Money Pay for Your Home.

There is nothing more useless than a bunch of rent receipts.

If you take advantage of the opportunity and buy now in DULANEY PLACE, you will get a lot at its first cost, in a section that is already surrounded by substantial homes; that is for white people only, and where negroes can never live; where the surface is high and dry, requiring no filling; where more building will be done in the next few years than in any other part of Louisville, and where values will rapidly increase.

Then you can